The Millheim Journal.

VOL. LVI. MILLHEIM, PA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1882. NO 43.

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LITTLE BY LITTLE.

Little by little the time goes by—
Short if you sing through it, long if you sigh;
Little by little—an hour, a day,
Gone with the years that have vanished away;
Little by little the race is run,
Trouble and waiting and toil are done!

Little by little the skies grow clear;
Little by little the sun comes near;
Little by little the days smile out
Gladder and brighter on pain and doubt;
Little by little the seed we sow
Into a beautiful yield will grow.

Little by little the world grows strong,
Fighting the battle of Right and Wrong
Little by little the Wrong gives way,
Little by little the Right has sway,
Little by little all longing souls,
Struggle up nearer the shining goals!

Little by little the good in men
Blossems to beauty for human ken;
Little by little the angels see
Prophecies better of good to be;
Little by little the God of all
Lifts the world nearer his pleading call!

A MISTAKE IN THE ADDRESS.

"Is this house coming down?" asked Mr. Merriman, looking up from his sermon-like paper despairingly.

For there was a hurrying to and fro from all quarters of the old mansion, a running up and down stairs, a subdued bustle, a murmur of excitement, and finally a gust of laughter, in many keys of elation, sounding as if it came from the subterranean recesses of the kitchen.

"No papa," cried little Lottie breathlessly; "but Minnie's bread has come out of that oven, and it's a success."

"Oh!" said Mr. Merriman, abstractedly staring out of the window and scratching his bald head, "is that all?"

"That all, indeed!" said Minnie, herself a very blooming girl, with short flaxen hair curling all over her head, light blue eyes and a pretty pug nose with just the proper up shape. And she ran into the room with a big apron enveloping her slim figure, and a fresh color deepening on her cheek, while by means of a stout kitchen towel she held up a tin baking pan containing a puffy, snow white loaf of new bread. "That's all, papa; when it's the first bread I ever made, and when it's to be sent to the hospital fair to be cut into sandwiches and sold for the sick poor at 10 cents apiece! Look at it papa! smell of it! see how deliciously light it is! And then tell me if you ever expected to have your little Minnie turn into such a stupendous housekeeper."

And Miss Minnie Merriman kissed her father on the tip of his nose and looked at him with pretty girlish triumph.

"Very nice- very creditable!" said the clergyman, beaming on his daughter. "I dare say you'll make a famous cook one of these days."

"I only hope," put in Penny, the second daughter, (whose baptismal name was Penelope Dorcas), "that Mr. Ayton will come to the fair and buy some of Minnie's sandwiches, and—"

Minnie turned short round, flushing pink to the roots of her pretty hair.

"Penny," said she, "what nonsense you are talking, when you know very well that Mr. Ayton is sick with pneumonia. And of course he has sent a liberal subscription to the fair; and what can it possibly matter who buys the bread?"

Penny subsided rather abashed, and Minnie ran down stairs again to wrap the white spongy loaf in a snowy napkin and send Jerusha, the bound girl, to the rooms of the fair committee with it.

"Now remember, Jerusha," she uttered impressively, as she held up one finger to add force to her words, "it is No. 19—19, do you hear? Saville street."

"Yes'm," said Jerusha, who was so demoralized at the prospect of a temporary reprieve from her dish-washing that she could hardly stand still long enough to tie on her bonnet.

And away she went, gamboling down the street like a half grown elephant, with a carefully wrapped up loaf of bread in a basket on her arm.

"My first loaf of bread!" said Minnie to herself, as she leaned against the window casing. "Oh, I'm so glad it has turned out a success!"

And then her thoughts wandered to Mr. Harry Ayton. Would he be well enough to come to the fair that evening? Would he patronize the refreshment hall? Would he think her little pink-ribboned apron with the bib front becoming? Would he—Oh, pshaw, this would never do! Here it was 10 o'clock and the parlors not dusted nor Billy's Sunday suit mended and brushed ready for service.

While Jerusha, after giving her impartial attention to a hand organ, scissors grinder, and a street scuffle between two belligerently minded little boys, finally trudged up the steps of 90 saville street.

"Please, with Miss Minnie Merriman's kind compliments," said she. "Please, and it's the first bread she ever made; please, and she hopes you'll like it."

And Lois Jenkins, Mr. Harry Ayton's faithful old nurse and housekeeper, carried the loaf of bread up stairs to the room where the convalescent sat in the sunshine.

"And very kind of the minister's daughter," she said, setting the parcel upon the table. "And it's as beautiful light bread as ever I see! And how thoughtful of 'em, Mr. Harry, to remember you now, ain't it? But Miss Minnie was always one for doing kind things to sick folks ever since she was knee high to a grasshopper—bless her dear little soul!"

"Yes," said Harry, slowly, "it is very kind, indeed. could'nt I have a little of that fresh bread with my beef tea at noon, Lois?"

"We'll see what the doctor says, Mr. Harry," said the old woman, cheerfully. "And anyhow, if you can't have it to-day, you shall have it to-morrow."

An hour afterwards Mr. Merriman himself came in—bald-headed, spectacled and kindly-eyed—to make a pastoral call. And Harry Ayton broke abruptly into the good man's rather prosy platitudes to ask the question nearest to his heart.

"Mr. Merriman, do you think it possible that your daughter Minnie could ever care for me?"

Mr. Merriman pushed his spectacles higher upon his forehead.

"My daughter Minnie?" he repeated. "Why, she's only a baby! Seventeen last fall, my dear Harry."

"My mother was married at seventeen sir," said Ayton, smiling.

"Bless me," said the good pastor. "And now I come to think of it, my wife was not eighteen whe she and I determined to try life together, on a salary of $500 per annum. Dear! dear! how time does slip along, to be sure! My daughter Minnie, eh?"

"Because," said Mr. Ayton, bravely, "I love her. And of all the women that ever I saw, she is the only one whom I would care to make my wife."

Mr. Merriman rubbed his nose.

"My dear young friend," he said, "if I was my daughter Minnie I should say yes. But I'm not. And I don't pretend to understand the ins and outs of a woman's heart. So perhaps you'd better ask her about it."

"I will," said Mr. Ayton. "But I may take it for granted that I have your sanction?"

"By all means," said the old gentleman, "by all means."

"And you will prepare her mind for a visit from me when I am a little stronger?"

"Oh, certainly," said Mr, Merriman.

And absent minded as usual he went home and forgot all about it.

At 3 o'clock pretty Miss Minnie put on her blue velvet capote and neat little sack and went to No. 19 Saville street to help prepare the refreshments for the hospital fair.

"How do you like my bread?" she asked of the lady superintendent, who stood at a big table with a dozen white aproned girls gliding around her in various directions. "The first I ever made."

"What bread?" said Mrs. Raymond, lifting her eyebrows, "We have received no bread from you, Minnie."

"Goodness, gracious me!" cried the minister's daughter, clasping her hands, "what has become of it, then? For I sent Jerusha with it at 10 o'clock, and she came back and declared that she had delivered it all right."

"There has been some mistake, evidently," said Mrs. Raymond. And I am sorry, for we are in great need of real nice home-made bread."

Minnie hurried back home and sternly confronted Jerusha, who was surreptitiously buying a penny ballad of a boy at the rear door.

"Jerusha," said she, you told me that you delivered my bread all right."

"So I did, Miss Minnie," whispered Jerusha. "At No. 90 Saville street, And as you told me, Miss Minnie."

Minnie's cheek grew scarlet and then grew pale. She sat hopelessly down on the edge of the kitchen table,

"Jerusha," she cried, despairingly, "you have been and carried my bread and compliments to Mr. Ayton, instead of to the hospital fair! Oh, Jerusha how could you make such a dreadful blunder?"

And she ran up stairs to her father in a sort of desperation.

"Papa," she cried, "such a dreadful thing has happened! Oh, don't you think you could help us out of it some way?"

And she related the complication with tears in her eyes.

"Hum! hum! ha?" said Mr. Merriman, apparently hoisting his memory out of the time of Herodotus with some unseen variety of mental apparatus. "Yes, I see. But you don't grudge poor Mr. Ayton the bread, Minnie, my dear, do you?"

"Oh, no, no," cried Minnie.

"You don't dislike him?"

"No, papa," said the innocent girl, "I think he is ever so nice!"

"Well, then," said this wily diplomatist, "Suppose we both go around there together and it can all be explained satisfactorily; and we know, my dear, that in the Good Book we are commanded to visit the sick."

So Miss Merriman and her father went to No. 90 Saville street, where Harry Ayton lay on a sofa, looking very pale and interesting, and just exactly as a lover ought to do. His face brightened up at the sight of Minnie.

"Did you tell her, sir?" he demanded of the minister.

"N-no," confessed that worthy old gentleman. "I thought perhaps you could tell her better yourself. So I just contriyed this little opportunity—or rather, it contrived itself. And I'll go down stairs now and talk with Miss Jenkins about that passage in Revelations that always bothers her so."

"What does it mean?" said Minnie, in bewilderment, as her father shuffled out of the room.

"It means," said Mr. Ayton, promptly, "that I love you. Dear, sweet little Minnie, I have been longing for you in my heart all these months, but until your sweet message to-day—"

"But I sent no message," said Minnie, blushing 'celestial rosy red,' "and no bread either. It was all a mistake. They were both intended for the hospital fair."

"But it isn't a mistake that I love you, said Mr. Ayton; "and if you cannot teach yourself to care for me after all—"

"Oh, but I didn't say that!" confessed Minnie. "At least—I thought—I understood—"

And when Mr. Merriman, having quieted Miss Jenkins's mind as to the obscure passage in Revelations, came back, Minnie was engaged to Harry Ayton.

"But you'll let the fair have the loaf of bread, Haray?" coaxed Minnie.

"Not a crumb!" said the lover. "Do you suppose I would let any one but myself eat the bread—the first you ever made, my darling? I'll send them a check for $50 and let 'em buy their own bread with it."

And so the hospital fair didn't get Minnie Merriman's loaf of bread at all.

The Performance is Closed.

The facts connected with the miserable experience of young Symonds as an actor were these: He was hired to play in a stock company, and one night was called upon almost at an hour's notice to take part in a play he had never seen, his services being required in consequence of the illness of the man playing it. So little time did he have to prepare for the performance that a rehearsal was impossible. The part given him to study was in manuscript. The man who had previously played it was an eccentric person and had written in a lot of ridiculous stage directions. Symonds was amazed to find them in a serious part, but supposed them all right, and at evening appeared with his lines and business pretty well learned. A large and fashionable audience assembled in the theatre. The curtain was rung up and the play commenced. Soon Symonds went on. His first speech described the misery of the poverty-stricken mother at home. After it he danced a little break down, The audience were amazed, and the other actors on the stage dumb-founded. But Symonds knew he was to follow his stage directions. Presently he had to refuse a proposition to commit crime. He did so in grand style, and then took off his hat and jumped on it. This extraordinary proceeding created a sensation. The manager came and stood in the wings and suffered anguish. After his next speech, a defiance to his tempter, he crawled under the sofa. That just set everybody wild, and the manager danced up and down in the wings, and swore he'd kill Symonds when he came off. After a touching love scene with the heroine, Symonds proceeded to stand on his head and howl, and the audience howled too, and the manager shrieked to him to come off. But Symonds didn't hear, and proceeded. He spoke his next speech with such impressiveness and magnificence of manner that the audience was, in spite of itself, hushed into respectful silence, and at its close was about to applaud, when Symonds panked off a boot and hurled it viciously at the head of the orchestra. That settled it. The leader, who was badly hurt on the jaw by the boot, came up over the footlights, and the manager rushed on from the wings, and the way they bounced Symonds about was fearful. He made a big fight, and was still at it when the curtain was rung down. After they were parted, Symonds explained, and showed his part as a justification for his conduct. But the manager would accept no excuse, and, going before the curtain, said: 'Ladies and gentlemen, occasionally a natural-born idiot, with a phenomenal faculty for making an ass of himself, is sent into the world. Such a one has inflicted himself upon us tonight. For my part, I have endured the agony of the damned while watching him, and I presume you've had enough of his donkeyism. Therefore the performance is closed."

Wild Flowers.

It is impossible, in most parts of the country, to make a beautiful garden without the outlay of $1 for plants. Could the persons referred to visit European gardens, or even see European catalogues, they would find that the common plants around them are elsewhere highly valued. Aside from the trees there are many shrubs that may find a place in the garden, and a host of herbaceous plants from which a proper selection will keep a garden gay the whole growing season. Make the possible practicable.

OFF: "You will find the painting looks better a little way off," said the artist. And Fogg asked, quite innocently, "Would half a mile be far enough off, do you think?"

Modern Vienna.

The famous letter-writer "Gath," recently said: Although Vienna is one of the most popular cities in Europe, it is very far inferior to Paris in the regularity and importance of its street architecture and the brightness of its shops. There are some rather handsome women in Vienna—particularly Hungarian women—and the Viennese often possess the amiable countenances of the French, and are, perhaps, better modeled in bodily form, but they seem to me to be dirtier people, and with but slight taste in dress. The public life of Vienna around the cafes, etc., is very languid and phlegmatic, compared to that of Paris. The large suburbs of Vienna remind me of the Bowery side of New York. The city is improving, and the great street called the Ring Strasse has noble buildings of not very pure architecture to celebrate the creation of the element of popular Government in this old absolute despotism. The great palace, around which the city clings like a set of old Southern cabins close to the planter's mansion, was a subject of somewhat horrid mystery to me, considering the evil influence it has exercised on modern times for more than three hundred years, I went through the imperial stables, where were many Spanish barbs for riding purposes, and saw some of the Princes exercising in their riding school; and went down into the crypt of the old church, where a monotomous number of great, lumbering bronze coffins of the imperialists lie—Maria Theresa in the middle, her husband at her feet, the second wife of Napoleon off at one side, with Napoleon's Hapsburg son silent beside her, and at the far end Maximilian, of Mexico, his big casket-shell covered with silver offerings and faded flowers, and in a darker part of the crypt, behind higher railings, lay the long, high coffins of a series of miserable rulers who fashioned an empire out of the sufferings and humiliation of discordant races, and have but recently surrendered any portion of it, in obedience to the iron will of Bismark. Yet this surrender has made all of Austria that is pleasing at the present moment, and her sovereigns, at last throwing themselves upon the populace, begin to recognize a joy their fathers never knew.

I went to the celebrated Turkish bath of Vienna, which would be the noblest in the modern world if there was any patronage in Vienna to keep it up. But it is rapidly tumbling into dirt and decay for the want of money. Built for the needs of the Vienna Exhibition several years ago, it had a brief period of success, and still is a reminder of the old Roman baths, in its huge halls, large swimming pools and proficiency of space; but I find no bath in Europe more acceptable than are those in Lafayette Place, New York, though the Hammam in Paris is admirable for its economy of space and architectural nicety. The Turkish baths in London are too public and have too many parasites hanging around. Nowhere in Europe did I get the manipulation in these baths that one receives in New York.

In Vienna I went to hear Edward Strauss, one of the three noted Jewish brothers who have composed dance music, lead his orchestra at the Volksgarden, near by the palace. This is a flat, enclosed piece of ground, shaded with horse chestnut and other trees, with pretty walks and hedges, and with two music stands opposite each other, one of which has attached to it a sort of restaurant hotel for balls and suppers. At this latter music stand Strauss led his fiddlers to his own tunes and those of his brothers, John and Joseph, and about half the music played was of the Strauss family's composition. Edward is a fine-looking man with a dramatic address; rich Jewish eyes and black hair; his clothes are carefully made. He leads his orchestra in a dance fashion, moving his feet and knees as if he could scarcely keep from waltzing while he handles the baton. The music of the Strausses is valuptuous, confidential, insinuating, coquetting and pretty, but tolerably shallow and made altogether for the feet and fingers. The audience, as a matter of politeness, always applaud the Strauss compositions. A military band in the other stand alternated with the string music, and seemed to me, like military bands everywhere, to have a great deal of brass clattering and din of drums. There were some gentle, graceful people in the audience, which toward nine o'clock numbered nearly one thousand; but the cyprians, in considerable number, paraded up and down the walks in pairs and threes and singly, and lurked around the environs, tasting their beer and waiting to be addressed. I think I paid sixty cents to go into this concert, which was listened to outside by several thousand free-list patrons, who could hear the music just as well as we within.

BOSTON CREAM CAKE.—One cup sugar, half cup of butter, two tablespoonfuls of sweet milk, three eggs, one teaspoonful of cream of tartar, half a teaspoonful of soda and one and a half cups of flour. Bake like jelly cake.

—Mohammed was born at Mecca about 570.

Ailments of the Horse.

The term forging is an expression used among horsemen to denote a peculiar unpleasant sound, produced when an animal is trotting slowly or walking, and sometimes even when they are going at a good, sharp trot. It is the clicking noise caused by the toes of the hind shoes striking against the heels of the front ones. In some instances this is so annoying as to depreciate the value of the animal, especially in those horses which carry it to such a degree as to injure the back of the coronet, sometimes causing lameness, and often a wound of a more or less serious nature. The fault is generally termed over-reaching or grabbing. The term over-reaching or grabbing; and forging, although very different in many respects, can only be considered as modifications of one another, over-reaching or grabbing being the more serious. The causes are various. In some instances it is the result of debility, as is often noticed during convalescence from some depleting disease. We also find colts which have not fully matured addicted to this vice, especially those which have, as it were, outgrown themselves. The muscles of progression are not sufficiently strong to sustain the weight and propel the body in a proper manner, hence the awkward gait. Now and then we meet with cases where the condition is remittent the animal going perfectly sound one day; possibly on the next the clicking noise is heard every few steps, while on the following day he will go all right, and remain so for a time, when the noise will be again heard. This can only be accounted for by the presence of temporary muscular debility, the result of some constitutional disturbance, not sufficient, however, to cause any noticeable illness. Again, in some animals it seems to be a natural way of going, and is best relieved by judicious shoeing. The aggravated condition, over-reach or grab, is the result of what might be termed an accident, such as is liable to occur when an animal is struggling through deep snow, or traveling upon a very rough or soft muddy road. It also often occurs in trotting horses when they are forced to a gait beyond their natural speed, or when they are suddenly checked by a rough hand during the act of breaking from the trot to the gallop. It of course occurs at other times, but these are occasions when it is common.

The treatment of these conditions, of course, depends upon the cause. In forging the unpleasantness can generally be removed at once by preventive measures, such as allowing the wall of the hind foot to project about say one quarter of an inch beyond the shoe, and to prevent the shoe from being too easily wrenched from its proper situation a small clip should be turned up on each side and in front of the quarters. The animal should be shod in this way until it has regained its strength, or for an indefinite period, and to obviate the possibility of grabbing the front of the shoe should be bevelled from the toe backwards. The treatment of over-reach or grab must, of course, depend upon the size and condition of the wound. If it is a deep cut, and recently made, the edges should be brought together and retained there by sutures, and the whole covered with flexible collodion or something which will protect the wound from the injurious effects of the air. If the wound is only slight it should be treated as such, viz., by keeping it thoroughly clean and applying healing lotions or ointments. If there is much inflammation it may be kept in subjection by hot or cold applications in the shape of poultices or stuping, but nothing is better at this season of the year than showering the part with water from an ordinary hose.

Over Wild Mountains.

The detachment which was sent under command of Captain H. H. Pierce, of the Twenty-First Infantry, to explore the northern part of Washington Territory and report on its topographical aspect, reached Vancouver on the 17th of September after an absence of six weeks. During the trip the officers and men experienced much hardship and privation. The commander left Fort Colville, W. T., on August 1st and pushed in a westerly line for the Cascade Mountains. The ascent was so steep that only three horses could be got over the summit. One of the pack mules went over the precipice head over heels, and after making about fifty revolutions per minute, soon landed at the bottom of the canyon, a distance of 400 feet. Another horse was lost in the same manner, and a valuable mule was bitten by a rattlesnake and died shortly afterward. Most of the animals and a number of the men were sent back to Fort Colville.

The party that remained traveled over a region which is supposed to have been never trod by the feet of white man. Lieutenant G. B. Backus, of the Third Cavalry, than whom perhaps there is no man better versed in woodcraft in the service, was second in command. After being out some weeks the provisions began to give out and for five days the party subsisted on quarter rations. Part of the country traveled over is reported to be exceedingly rich in mineral deposits. The territory traversed by the party was fearfully rough consisting of steep declivities, and in some places the ascent was perilous. After reaching the Skagit river they fell in with a party of Indians, who carried them in a canoe as far as Stirling, where the soldiers procured supplies of food, etc. Captain Pierce part of the time suffered from a bad cold, but notwithstanding his ill-health he conducted the expedition to a successful close. Knowledge gleaned from this expedition will be of great advantage in the event of an Indian war in that locality.

Eating Meat and Nervousness.

"Nervous disease and weakness increase in a country as the population comes to live on the flesh of the warm-blooded animals. 'Meat' using the term in its popular sense is highly stimulating, and supplies proportionally more exciting than actually nourishing pabulum to the nervous system. The meat-eater lives at high pressure and is, or ought to be, a peculiarly active organism, like a predatory animal always on the alert, walking rapidly, and consuming large quantities of oxygen. In practice, we find that the meat-eater does not live up to the level of his food, and as a consequence he cannot or does not take in enough oxygen to satisfy the exigencies of his mode of life. Thereupon follow many, if not most, of the ills to which highly civilized and luxurious meat-eating classes are liable."

Killed by his Bride.

Several months ago, two of the most dashing belles of Huntsville were the Misses Merriwether, daughters of Colonel Merriwether, a prominent citizen of Huntsville, Alabama, and the former Chief Engineer of the Memphis and Charlestown Railroad. Their most ardent admirers were Captain Belts and Lon. Davis, son of Colonel Davis, who was once one of the most prominent men of North Alabama, and nephew of Zeb. Davis, who was Mayor of Huntsville for many years. Young Davis was considered fast, and Mrs. Merriwether objected to his attentions to her daughter. The girl appeared to love him, and finally an elopement was agreed on, and one night, when the young couple had engagements to attend a concert, they instead boarded a train for this city, where they were married.

Their honeymoon passed happily, but soon Davis' character began to assert itself and his wife discovered the awful fact that he was addicted to the use of opium and was an incessant gambler. This discovery created dissensions and he began to make her life unhappy by his profligate habits. She endured this as long as possible, but finally left his roof and sought protection in the home of her childhood. The excitement incident to this brought on brain fever and for a while her life was despaired of, and when she recovered, her mind was partially deranged. The physician advised her husband to keep aloof from her for some months and on this advice, he agreed that she should be taken to Rhea Spring, promising not to annoy her by his presence until he was sent for. Her mother accompanied her and they arrived at the Springs about three months ago. She recuperated rapidly and her intellect was soon restored and the husband visited the springs but did not see her. He visited the springs a second time and saw her but a few moments, she still refusing to return to him until he reformed. But he again visited the springs, but was denied seeing her. Several stormy interviews passed between the mother and him, and for several days he was seen hanging about his wife's room, but he was denied admittance. Sunday he procured a pistol and demanded admittance or threatened to kill the mother. He was finally quieted and gave the pistol to her. Monday he was heard to say that his wife should return to him or a murder would follow. Tuesday night Mrs. Davis stepped from her room to go to the toilet room. He was near at hand and followed. They met some distance from the hotel, and he, pointing to a pistol he carried in his hand, demanded that she return to him. She had the pistol he gave her mother in her pocket at the time and quietly slipped it from her pocket, placed it against his body and fired, the ball passing through his bowels. She then walked deliberately to the hotel, informed the proprietor of what she had done as coolly as if she were telling some trivial incident and left for her room.

She exhibited not the least excitement, although many ladies were in hysterics from excitement. She related the circumstances as calmly as if telling an anecdote and at midnight inquired after the patient and slept soundly until morning. Mr. Davis was found to be rapidly failing. He stated that his wife shot him in self-defence and he deserved it; that he had brought it on himself and no one but himself was to blame. He begged that she would not be arrested, adding that she acted in self-defense only. At 9 p. m., Mr. Davis was thought to be dying. A number of prominent citizens of Huntsville passed through the city yesterday to Rhea Springs. The young wife is but a mere girl of very handsome appearance.

Chewing-Gum Season.

It is a fact of some consequence to dealers in certain goods that the chewing-gum season begins with school. There is some demand during the summer, but boys and girls generally have other means of diversion and recreation, but when the schoolroom door opens and the year's toil begins there is something necessary in study hours. Taffy and other candies leave marks on fingers and faces, but the hardy gum can be rolled away snugly in the corner of the desk, mouth or pocket and reproduced whenever the pedagogue has his back turned.

Very little pure spruce gum is in the market. Packages are received that look like pure gum at first sight, but the lumps are supposed to be formed by the fingers after a little gum, rosin and other things have been added. If a dealer is in doubt about the genuineness of this spruce gum, he applies to a Canadian, who can tell at once. It must not be inferred from this that the regular diet of the Canadian is spruce gum. No; he gets something more on holidays occasionally.

The amount of chewing-gum manufactured is enormous. There is a factory in Philadelphia. The gum sold by confectioners is chiefly paraffine wax. Spruce gum is fifty cents per pound for the best in Maine, hence the use of cheaper things gives profit. The gum makers follow the toy seasons in the form of chewing gum—that is to say, when tops are the toys gum is in the shape of tops, at other seasons other forms attract pennies. Chewing-gum may seem insignificant as a trade commodity, but it is not. There are large houses in the country engaged solely in the preparation of chewing-gum.

Fiat Currency.

Japan is offering an instructive spectacle to the advocates of a paper and "fiat" currency. About six years ago that country decided to imitate Eastern nations in an irredeemable paper currency, and the result of this experiment has been unfortunate. The latest information from Japan is that the paper money is now at a discount of 70 per cent. It has depreciated in value almost from the start, though subject to the quick fluctuations which invest this unstable currency with one of its charms to a speculative people. For a time the farmers in the interior preferred the new paper money to silver, and as a result there has been much suffering among them. No one knows the amount in circulation, and the country is suffering sadly from this worthless substitute for money.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, OCT. 26., 1882.

THE MILLHEIM JOURNAL

Is published every Thursday, in Musser's Building, corner of Main and Penn streets at

$1.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE

Or $1.25 if not paid in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 week.	1 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	1 year.
1 square,...	$1 00	$2 00	$3 00	$4 00	$5 00
¼ column,..	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00	15 00
½ column,..	5 00	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00
1 column,..	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00	60 00

One inch makes a square. Administrators and Executors' Notices $2.50. Transient advertisements and locals 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Job Work done on short notice.

DEININGER & BUMILLER,

Editors and Proprietors.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

Revs P C Weidemyer and J D Shortess Preach's

Rev. P. C. Weidemeyer will preach next Sunday evening, English.

Sunday School, 1½ P. M.—D. L. Zerby, Supt.

Missionary Society meets on the second Monday evening of each month.

Methodist.

Rev. Furman Adams Preacher-in-charge.

Sunday School at A. M.—D. A. Musser, Supt

Reformed.

Rev. Dwight A. Fearick, Pastor.

Umted Brethren.

Rev. J. G. W. Herald, Preacher-in-charge.

Preaching next Sunday morning.

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—

Pastor Tomlinson is absent and there will be no services next Sunday.

Ladies' Mite Society meets on the first Monday evening of each month.

United Sunday School.

Meets at 9 A. M.—A. R. Alexander Supt.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 955, I. O. O. F. meets in their hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening.

Rebecca Degree Meeting every Thursday on or before the full moon of each month.

C. W. HARTMAN, Sec. W. L. BRIGHT, N. G.

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.

D. L. ZERBY, Sec. T. G. ERHARD, Master.

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.

A. WALTER, Sec. B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.

J. W. Foote, Sec. D. I. Brown Prest.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
ROBERT E. PATTISON,
OF PHILADELPHIA.

For Lieutenant Governor,
CHAUNCEY F. BLACK,
OF YORK.

For Judge of the Supreme Court,
SILAS M. CLARK,
OF INDIANA.

For Secretary of Internal Affairs,
J. SIMPSON AFRICA,
OF HUNTINGDON.

For Congressman-at-Large,
MORTIMER F. ELLIOTT,
OF TIOGA.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY TICKET.

For Congress,
ANDREW G. CURTIN,
OF BELLEFONTE.

For Senator,
WILLIAM A. WALLACE,
OF CLEARFIELD.

For Assembly,
HENRY MEYER,
OF MILES.

B. F. HUNTER,
OF BENNER.

For Jury Commissioner,
J. H. TOLBERT,
OF WALKER.

For Coroner,
H. K. HOY,
OF BELLEFONTE.

MAYOR Powderly, of Scranton, who was nominated by the Philadelphia convention as the Greenback-Labor candidate for Lieutenant Governor, promptly declined the honor and is now out strongly for Pattison. He is the official head of the Knights of Labor but very properly concludes that the best way to secure substantial reform is to elect Pattison.

At a large and enthusiastsc Democratic meeting held at Wilkesbarre last Friday Mr. Powderly delivered the following stirring speech, which deserves to be read by every laboring man in the state:

"I have acted with the labor reform party ever since its inception. I am a labor reformer now, but I am a labor reformer from principle, and I want to warn you against those who are not so, for it is an unfortunate fact that bad and vicious men from the slums have usurped the right to speak for the labor reform party and seek to barter its support to the old parties for a price. Such men have made themselves conspicuous in the pending campaign and have gone with an offer of the votes they cannot deliver to the Cameron party. They are wicked men and I warn you against them. I warn you not to vote the stalwart ticket nor the independent ticket. Do not throw your votes away on the latter, neither on the so-called labor ticket or on any side ticket, but vote the democratic ticket entire. Vote for Pattison. Pattison represents true reform. He represents economy and honesty in public expenditures. He represents the reform that will lower taxes, relieve industries and thereby make better wages for labor. Vote for him. Stand squarely in this issue by him and by his party and you will have no reason to regret your action."

Phipps, the Philadelphia Alms House forger and defrauder, who fled to Canada, must come back. Judge Sinclair decided that Phipps must be detained for extradition.

Controller Pattison's tour through the state was one continued ovation. In the mining regions, along the romantic West Branch, in the oil district, in Erie, in fact everywhere there were large crowds of people awaiting to greet and do honor to the noble man who is to be the next chief magistrate of our grand old commonwealth. All lingering doubts as to how the popular heart beats are now dispelled. Mr. Pattison in an exceptional degree posesses the confidence and respect of the people not only on personal grounds, but especially for his spotless official integrity eminent administrative ability.

At Harrisburg the demonstration exceeded anything of the kind witnessed for many years. The enthusiasm and the crowd were simply immense. Mr. Pattison spoke for over half an hour with singular good judgement and sense. The principals he advocates and the pledges he makes are exactly what the masses of the people desire at this important juncture of our political history.

The next Congress.

The next House will certainly be Democratic. So much has been decided by the Ohio election. The Senate will certainly be either squarely Republican or anti-Democrat. So much was decided by Virginia in 1881 and Oregon in 1882. The next Congress will therefore consist of a Democratic popular branch, an anti-Democratic Senate and a Stalwart President.

It seems idle for the Republicans to hope to recover from the Ohio disaster in the election of Congressmen. The present House consists of 155 Republicans, including 4 Republican Greenbackers and 2 Republican-Mahone Readjusters; 136 Democrats, and 2 Independents. The Republican margin, counting all sorts of allies, is very narrow, even after admitting all Republican contestants, and that whole majority is swept away by Ohio. There will be a few Republican gains in the South, but they won't reach half a score in all, while the great Northern States and Texas must greatly increase the Democratic membership. Illinois now has 6 Democrats and 19 Republicans, and there must be Democratic gains, if any, in that State. Indiana has 8 Republicans and 5 Democrats, with the certainty of a Democratic gain of from 2 to 4. Michigan, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota and New Hampshire have solid Republican delegations so that no Republican gains are possible there. New York has 20 Republicans and 13 Democrats, and 5 to 8 Democratic gains may be confidently expected in that State. Pennsylvania has 19 Republicans and 8 Democrats, and of the 28 to be chosen in November not less than 14 will be Democrats, with a chance for several more. New Jersey now has 4 Republicans to 3 Democrats, and any gains must be Democratic, and Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota and Wisconsin are each likely to give one or more Democratic gains.

The political tide is now against the Republicans, and that is fatal in all close contests. With the bulk of the Congressmen to be chosen just on the heels of the Ohio revolution, there is little to give promise of Republican gains and much to warrant the belief in general Democratic gains. Judging from the present outlook, a Democratic majority of not less than twenty is a reasonably safe estimate; and one peculiar feature of the new House, is the probable increase of Democratic Protectionist and the increase of Republican Free Traders. The Democrats of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Ohio and Indiana and throughout the South are growing in devotion to Protection, while the Republican influences of New York and of the West are steadily drifting toward Free Trade. The South wants factories and the West wants cheap manufactured articles, and both sections are rapidly tending to their respective Protection and Free Trade theories, regardless of old party lines. It is safe to say that the next Congress will be Democratic and that it will be the strongest Democratic Tariff Congress ever chosen by the people.—*Philadelphia Times.*

Workingmen, Don't You Forget it.

"If Hancock is elected, this establishment will close." "If you want your iron mills closed, and all industries dependent upon them brought to a stand-still, vote for Hancock."

The above expressions were common in republican papers in 1880, and many workingmen were frightened and deceived into voting the republican ticket at that time. Hancock was not elected, but Garfield was' and what has been the result? Have "better wages" followed the election? No; the miners of this country are only getting 90 cents per day now. Has "steady work" been "assured" to the men in the iron mills and elsewhere? No; there have been one hundred and fifty thousand men in "general idleness," and they did not reach this pitiable condition by the election of General Hancock. The rosecate times promised to follow the election of General Garfield did not come, but instead, strikes for higher wages and "general idleness" came. The republicans can not get rid of the logical effect of their own proposition. Two years have passed since the last presidential election, and although Hancock was not elected, the iron mills, as said, have been closed, and over one hundred thousand workingmen out of work. Had that of 1880 been the first attempt made by republicans to deceive laboring men, there might be some excuse, but it was not. Time and again has this same old story been rehashed and the workingmen bit at the lying bait too often. It is about time they are getting their eyes open to their own interests. —*Patriot.*

THE Cameron state committee is now sending tariff documents by the ton. They recently distributed through the mails something like a 100,000 copies of the "Life of Beaver," at less than half the legal rates of postage, representing a loss to the government of over $4000. The Hubbel fund must be reaching bottom.

THE home of Mr. Rutherford B. Hayes went democratic last Tuesday by 800 majority, and the home of the late President Garfield gave a net democratic gain of 30 votes.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

I, Thomas J. Dunkle, High Sheriff of the county of Centre, commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that an election will be held in said county of Centre, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1882.

For the purpose of electing one person for Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Lieutenant Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Secretary of Internal Affairs of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Congressman-at-Large to represent the state of Pennsylvania in the Congress of the United States.

One person for Judge of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person to represent the counties of Centre, Clearfield, Clinton, Elk, Union and Mifflin in the Congress of the United States.

One person to represent the counties of Centre, Clearfield, and Clinton in the Senate of Pennsylvania.

Two persons to represent the county of Centre in the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania.

One person for Coroner for Centre county.

Two persons for Jury Commissioner of the county of Centre.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid election in the several Boroughs and Townships within the County of Centre are as follows, to wit:

For the township of Haines (eastern precinct) at the public school house at Woodward.

For the township of Haines (western precinct) at the public house of H. G. Shaffer, in Aaronsburg.

For the township of Half Moon, at the school house in Stormstown.

For the township of Taylor, at the house erected for that purpose on the property of Leonard Merryman.

For the township of Miles, in the school house in the town of Rebersburg.

For the township of Potter (Northern precinct) at the public house of Thomas Bayard, in Centre Hall.

For the township of Potter (Southern precinct) at the public house of D. H. Rudi, at Potter's Mills.

For the township of Gregg (Northern precinct) at Murray's school house.

For the township of Gregg (Southern precinct,) at the public house owned by J. B. Fisher of Penn Hall.

For the township of College, in the school house at Lemont.

For the township of Ferguson (old precinct.) in the school house at Pine Grove.

For the township of Ferguson (new precinct) at the school house in Baileyville.

For the township of Harris, in the school house at Boalsburg.

For the township of Patton, at the house of Peter Murray.

For the borough of Bellefonte, and the townships of Spring and Benner, at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the township of Walker, in the school house at Hublersburg.

For the borough and township of Howard, at the school house of said borough.

For the township of Rush, at the Cold Stream school house.

For the township of Snow Shoe, at the school house at Snow Shoe station.

For the township of Marion, at the house of Joel Kling, in Jacksonville.

For the borough of Milesburg, at the school house in Milesburg.

For the township of Boggs, at the new school house in Central City.

For the township of Huston, at the Silver Dale school house.

For the township of Penn, at the public house of W. S Musser.

For the borough of Millheim, at the school house opposite the Evangelical church in said borough.

For the township of Liberty, at the school house at Eagleville.

For the township of Worth, at the school house at Port Matilda.

For the township of Burnside at the house of J. K. Rock.

For the township of Curtin, at the school house near Robert Mann's.

For the borough of Unionville and the township of Union, at the new school house at Unionville.

For the First and Second wards of the borough of Philipsburg, at the large public school house.

For the Third ward of the borough of Philipsburg at the small public school house.

NOTICE is hereby given, "That everyperson excepting office of justice of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of any profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary Department of this state, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district: and also that every member of Congress or State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or Commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment for Judge, Inspector or clerk of any election of this commonwealth: and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for."

I also hereby make known and give notice to the electors of said county of Centre, that on the said 7th day of November, 1882, they, the said electors, shall vote by ballot for the purpose of deciding whether or not the provisions of the Act of Assembly, entitled an Act "For the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep," approved the 12th day of June, A. D., 1878, are desired to be in force in this said county of Centre. The provisions of said "Act of Assembly relating to the taxation of dogs are as follows, to-wit:

Sec. 1. That from and after the passage of this Act, there shall be assessed, levied and collected, annually, with county taxes, in each of the townships and boroughs of this Commonwealth, from the owners and keepers of dogs the following named taxes, namely: For each male dog, the sum of fifty cents, and for every female dog the sum of one dollar, to be paid to the Treasurer of the county where collected, to be kept by him separate and in such manner that he can know how much has been collected from each township and borough, and how much paid out for losses or damages in each, at any time to be a fund from which persons sustaining loss or damage to sheep by a dog, or dogs, and the necessary costs in establishing their claims therefor, as herein provided, may be paid.

Sec. 2. For the purpose of levying and collecting such taxes, the assessor in each township and borough shall, annually, at the time of assessing other taxable property, ascertain and return to the county commissioners of their county a true statement of all the dogs in their townships and boroughs, respectively, and the names of the persons owning or keeping such dogs, and how many of each sex is kept or owned by each person; and such commissioners in each county shall, annually, levy and cause to be collected the taxes herein before named, with, and in the same manner and for the same compensation that other county taxes are collected.

* * * * * * *

SEC. 10. That the Sheriff of each county, on the request of the County Commissioners, shall cause this Act to be published therein, with and in the same manner as notices of the next general election shall be published, and for the purpose of deciding whether or not the provisions of this Act are desired in the several counties, the qualified electors therein may vote at such election, by ballot, written or printed on the outside "Sheep Law," and on the inside "For the Sheep Law," or "Against the Sheep-Law," and in each county wherein it shall appear by a proper count of each ballot that a majority are for the "Sheep Law," this Act shall immediately take effect, but in no other county until a majority of the qualified electors thereof, after like advertisement in like manner, have determined that they desire this Act to take effect therein; Provided that there shall be no advertisement or election for such purpose in any county oftener than once in two years."

At all elections hereafter held under the laws of the Commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at 7 o'clock a. m. and close at 7 o'clock p. m.

TICKETS TO BE VOTED.

The qualified electors will take notice of the following act of Assembly, approved the 12th day of March, 1866: "An Act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same. That the qualified electors of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by tickets, printed or written, or partly printed or partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of judges of courts voted for, and to be labeled outside "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers to be voted for, and be labeled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all officers voted for, including the office of Senator and members of the Assembly, if voted for, and be labeled "County;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labeled "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labeled "Borough;" and each class shall be deposited in seperate ballot-boxes.

Given under my hand and seal, at my office in Bellefonte, this 3rd day of October, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-two, and in the One Hundred and Sixth year of the Independence of the United States. THOMAS J. DUNKLE

Sheriff of Centre County.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Samuel Albright, late of the Borough of Millheim, Centre county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons Knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for payment.

All persons having unsettled accounts with the estate are requested to meet me at the late residence of decedent on Saturday, October 21st instant, for settlement.

ANDREW J. ALBRIGHT.

Tylersville, Clinton Co. Pa. Oct. 12 th. 1882 Administrator. 6t

EXECUTORS' SALE.—There will be exposed to public sale on the premises, one mile north of Woodward, on Tuesday, November 28th, 1882, the following valuable real estate of Thomas Hosterman, deceased, viz:

5 Acres of land adjoining lands of T. W. & C. W. Hosterman, and Wm. Hinkson. Thereon erected a fine dwelling house, large stable and other out buildings. Also

5 Acres of land adjoining lands of T. W. Hosterman, Wm. Hinkson and Henry Vonada. Also

125 Acres of timber land, adjoining lands of T. W. & C. W. Hosterman and John Hess. Also

75 Acres of timber land, adjoining lands of Jacob Neidigh & others. Thereon erected a saw mill on Pine creek, with good water power.

TERMS: One half of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, the other half in one year thereafter, and to be secured by bond and mortgage.

Persons desiring to see these lands can apply to T. W. Hosterman on the premises.

Sale to commence at one o'clock of said day.

T. W. HOSTERMAN
C. W. HOSTERMAN,
Executors.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By an order issued by the Orphans' Court of Centre Co. the subscriber will offer at public sale on the premises at Coburn on

SATURDAY, Nov. 18th, 1882,

all that certain lot containing one-fourth acre more or less, bounded on the west by lands of Jacob Witmyer, and on the north, east and south by lands of Benj. Kerstetter, being the property of Daniel S. Kerstetter, deceased. Thereon erected a good, new dwelling house, and other outbuildings. Sale to begin at one o'clock.

TERMS OF SALE: One half on confirmation of sale, and balance in one year with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises. BENJAMIN KERSTETTER,

Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of John Keen, late of the Borough of Millheim, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY KEEN,
6t Administrator.

STRAY NOTICE.—Came to the residence of the subscriber in Miles township on or about August 27th, last, a stray steer, red color, about a year and a half old, slit in left ear. The owner is requested to pay charges and take the same away.

JARED B. KREAMER.

Oct. 12. 1882. 3m.

STRAY NOTICE.—A red heifer, aged about one year, with hole in right ear, came to the premises of the subscriber in Miles township, on or about the 15th day of Aug. last. The owner is requested to pay charges and take the same away.

WILLIAM KREAMER.

2m.

STRAY NOTICE.—Came to the residence of the subscriber in Miles township, on or about the 15th of Sept. last, a steer about two years old, reddish yellow color, white along belley, with cut in right ear. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take the same away, otherwise it will be disposed of according to law.

U. S. SHAFER.

Oct. 26. 1881 3m.

TUTT'S PILLS

A NOTED DIVINE SAYS:

DR. TUTT:—*Dear Sir:* For ten years I have been a martyr to Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles. Last spring your pills were recommended to me; I used them (but with little faith). I am now a well man, have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular stools, piles gone, and I have gained forty pounds solid flesh. They are worth their weight in gold.

REV. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the Shoulder blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering of the heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, highly colored Urine.

IF THESE WARNINGS ARE UNHEEDED, SERIOUS DISEASES WILL BE DEVELOPED. TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

Try this remedy fairly, and you will gain a healthy Digestion, Vigorous Body, Pure Blood, Strong Nerves, and a Sound Liver. Price, 25 Cents. Office, 35 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

Gray Hair and Whiskers changed to a Glossy Black by a single application of this Dye. It imparts a natural color, acts Instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1. Office, 35 Murray St., New York.

DR. TUTT'S MANUAL of Valuable Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.

PATENTS

We continue to act as Solicitors for Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, etc., for the United States, Canada, Cuba, England, France, Germany, etc. We have had thirty-five years' experience.

Patents obtained through us are noticed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN. This large and splendid illustrated weekly paper, $3.20 a year, shows the Progress of Science, is very interesting, and has an enormous circulation. Address MUNN & CO., Patent Solicitors, Pub's. of SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, 37 Park Row, New York. Hand book about Patents free.

RUPTURE CURED In 30 Days

By the use of the EXCELSIOR RUPTURE PLASTER & HEALING COMPOUND. Send for testimonials to F. H. MERRICK, Ogdensburg, N.Y.

Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad Time Table.

LEAVE WESTWARD.

	1	3	5	7	9
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M
Montandon	7 05	9 40	2.05	6.00	7.55
Lewisburg	7.25	10 05	2.20		
Fair Ground	7 30	10.13	2.25		
Biehl	7.40	10.27	2.35		
Vicksburg	7.45	10.35	2.40		
Mifflinburg	8.00	ar 11.00	ar 2.55		
			lv. 3 05		
Millmont	8.22		3.28		
Laurelton	8.33		3.40		
Wiker Run	8.57		4.06		
Cherry Run	9.15		4.25		
Fowler	9.35		4.47		
Coburn	9.48		5.00		
Spring Mills	ar 10.15		ar. 5.30		

LEAVE EASTWARD.

	2	4	6	8	10
		A. M.		P. M.	
Spring Mills		5.50		1.50	
Coburn		6 18		2.20	
Fowler		6.28		2.33	
Cherry Run		6.48		2.55	
Wiker Run		7.05		3.15	
Laurelton		7.30		3.40	
Millmont		7.40		3.52	
		A. M.			
Mifflinburg		8.00	11.45	4.15	
			P. M.		
Vicksburg		8.15	12.10	4.32	
Biehl		8.20	12.17	4.38	
Fair Ground	A. M.	8.38	12.23	4.48	P. M.
Lewisburg	6.35	8.45	12.50	5.10	7.30
Montandon	ar. 6.45	ar. 9.00	ar 1.05	ar. 5.20	ar 7.40

Nos. 1 and 2 connect at Montandon with Erie Mail West; 3 and 4 with Sea Shore Express East; 5 and 6 with Day Express and Niagara Express West; 7 and 8 with Fast Line West; 9 and 10 with Williamsport Accommodation East.

Official Announcement.

Change of Time on Phila. & Erie R. R.

JUNE 5, 1882.

Sea Shore Express leaves Montandon at 9.07 A. M., stopping at intermediate stations, arriving at Harrisburg 11.40 A. M., Philadelphia 3.20 P. M., New York 6 25 P. M., making close connection at Philadelphia for all sea shore points.

Day Express leaves Montandon at 1.30 P. M., stopping at principal stations, arriving at Harrisburg 5.35 P. M., Philadelphia 7 35 P. M., New York 10.35 P. M., Baltimore 7.30 P. M., Washington 8.47 P. M. Parlor Car through to Philadelphia.

Williamsport Accommodation leaves Montandon at 7.48 P. M., stopping at intermediate stations, arriving at Harrisburg 10.25, Philadelphia 2.55 A. M., New York 6.15 A. M. Sleeping car accommodations can be secured on this train at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 A. M.

Erie Mail and Fast Line East will be consolidated into one train, leaving Montandon at 1.39 A. M., stopping at principal stations, arriving at Harrisburg 4.05 A. M., Philadelphia 7 20 A. M., New York 10.26 A. M., Baltimore 7.40 A. M. Washington 9.02 A. M. Through sleeping cars will be run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

WESTWARD.

Erie Mail leaves Montandon at 6.52 A. M., for Erie and intermediate points, Canandaigua and intermediate points.

Niagara Express leaves Montandon at 2.00 P. M., for Kane and intermediate points, Canandaigua and intermediate points.

Fast Line leaves Montandon at 5.50 P. M., for Lock Haven and intermediate points, Watkins and intermediate points.

MILLHEIM MARBLE WORKS,

Deininger & Musser, Proprietors.

THE OLD RELIABLE PLACE.

We have the oldest marble establishment in Central Pennsylvania.

We use the best grades of marble.

We buy our stock in large quantities at the lowest cash prices,

We make as good work as the best and sell as low as the LOWEST.

Our customers are always satisfied and pleased.

Our business is in a flourishing condition and we feel thankful to the public for their liberal patronage.

PAYNE'S FARM ENGINES.

Vertical & Spark-Arresting Engines from 2 to 12 horse-power, mounted or unmounted. Best and Cheapest Engines made. $150 upwards. Send for Illustrated Catalogue U for information and price to

B. W. PAYNE & SONS,
Box 846, Corning, N. Y.

The Carpenter Organs

were first manufactured as early as 1850 at Brattleboro', Vt. For a number of years the extensive CARPENTER ORGAN WORKS and General Office have been located at

Worcester, Mass., U. S. A.,

With Branch Offices and Warerooms in

New York (No. 7 West Fourteenth Street),
London, Madras St. Petersburg,
City of Mexico, Berlin, Barcelona.

Sweetness of Tone in every reed,
Durability in every part,
Perfection in every detail of manufacture,

Are Characteristic of the CARPENTER ORGANS.

Every Instrument WARRANTED for EIGHT YEARS.

MOST RELIABLE DEALERS sell the CARPENTER ORGAN, but if any do not have them to show you, write direct to the factory for a Catalogue and information as to where you can see them.

OVER 100 STYLES,

Ranging in price from $20.00 to $1,200.00 and over.

A beautiful 100-page Catalogue, the finest ever published, SENT FREE to intending purchasers.

Address or call upon

E. P. CARPENTER, Worcester, Mass., U. S. A.

Once More to the Front.

Bee Hive

Lock Haven, Pa.

FIRST GOODS

FOR THE

FALL SEASON FOR 1882.

We have now what we think the Largest and Most Attractive Stock of

DRY GOODS

Ever brought to this city and are now better prepared to show you than we ever were before, owing to the fifty-foot extension put to our store. It gives us much more room to show our goods, more satisfactory to ourselves and to our customers. Now we don't want to annoy you with a long advertisement, but will give you some few points worth knowing and it will be worth your time when in Lock Haven to call and see our goods, whether you wish to buy or not.

DRESSGOODS.

In this we can safely say that there never was such a stock brought to this city as we have now to show you; as fine as any house in Philadelphia. The assortment is not quite so large, this we will admit, but we have the new things and that is all we want.

PLUSHES AND VELVETS

Are the rage this Fall and they are indeed very pretty. We have them in all the new shades and as low in price as you will find them in Philadelphia or New York.

Brocade Velvets in all shades,

Brocade Plushes in all shades,

Stripe Velvets in all shades,

Stripe Satin Ottoman.

Plain Satin Ottoman.

EMBROIDERED DRESSES FROM $25 TO $42.

Together with these we have Plain Plushes. Plain Colored Velvets, $1.25 and $2.50. Black Velvets, $1.25, $2.50, $3.50, $4.25 and $5.00. Together with all these fine goods we have Plain Suitings, Stripe Suitings, Plain Flannel Suitings, with Braids in all colors to match. We will say again we can certainly show you a fine line of goods and can suit any customer from the lowest to the very best goods in the market; all we ask is an examination. Now, we have already taken up considerable space for our DRESS GOODS; we have not much room to say much about other goods, but we have them and at prices that are as low as any one can possibly sell them, and the advantage you have by buying from us, you will have so much more to select from. Our.

Flannel and Underwear

DEPARTMENTS

Have never been so well stocked as this season. We bought these goods in large quantities, as last Winter, you know, was not very cold and we have every reason to believe that this will be a severe one. In view of this we bought largely in these goods and can sell you better goods for less money than any other house in the city. Particular attention is called to a RED TWILL FLANNEL, extra heavy, at 37½cts. A Ladies' Scarlet Vest $1 75. Gents Scarlet Shirt and Drawers 98cts. a piece. Gents' Scarlet Shirts and Ladies' Drawers $1.75 a piece, and the big drive in a

LADIES' WHITE VEST

AT 50 CENTS.

We could keep on naming a great many goods yet, but space will not permit. All we ask is to come and see for yourself and be convinced that all we have told you is true.

BEE HIVE STORE

13 MAIN STREET, LOCK HAVEN,

J. F. EVERETT & CO.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, OCT. 26., 1882.

DEININGER & BUMILLER,
Editors and Proprietors.

Local Department.

Pattison and Reform ! ! !

ON TO VICTORY.

DEMOCRATIC MASS MEETING!

Millheim, Centre Co., Pa.

The Democracy of Penn's and Brush Valleys will hold a grand Democratic Mass Meeting at Millheim, Centre county, Pa., on

SATURDAY OCTOBER 28th.

The speakers for the occasion will be

EX-GOV. ANDREW G. CURTIN,
Democratic candidate for Congress, and
HON. JOHN D. STILES,
of Allentown, Pa.

All who are interested in good government and who desire to hear the political issues of the day discussed in a fair and impartial manner are cordially invited to be present.

COME ONE! COME ALL!

and make this meeting a grand success! Show by your numbers and the interest you feel in the present political contest that the old spirit of the sturdy Democracy of the valleys still survives.

R. H. FORSTER,
Chairman County Committee.

DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS.

At Brumgard's School House, Miles township, on Thursday evening, Oct. 26th, to be addressed by W. C. Heinle and D. Fortney.

At Spring Mills, Grenoble's Hall, on Thursday evening, October 26th, to be addressed by Adam Hoy and J. L. Spangler.

At Wolf's School House, Haines township, on Friday evening, Oct. 27th to be addressed by H. Y. Stitzer and C. M. Bower.

At Millheim, Mass Meeting, Saturday October 28th, to be addressed by Ex-Gov. Curtin, Democratic candidate for Congress and Hon. John D. Stiles, of Lehigh Co.

At Pine Hall School House, Ferguson township, on Tuesday evening, Oct 31st, to be addressed by D. F. Fortney and J. L. Spangler.

At Hublersburg, on Wednesday evening, November 1st, to be addressed by D. F. Fortney and J. L. Spangler.

At Rebersburg, Friday evening, November 3rd, to be addressed by Adam Hoy and J. L. Spangler.

At Pine Grove Mills, on Saturday evening, November 4th, to be addressed D. F. Fortney and others to be announced.

At Jacksonville, Marion township, on Thursday evening, November 4th, to be addressed by Adam Hoy, Ellis Orwis and John A. Woodward.

At Pleasant Gap, Spring township on Monday evening, November 6th, speakers to be announced.

—*The North Street School will not begin until Monday the 30th instant.*

—A good town property at private sale. Inquire at this office. tf.

—Quite a number of our people are in Philadelphia attending the Bi-Centennial.

—Mr. Henry Keen gives notice that he administers over the estate of the late John Keen, deceased.

—Sale of the personal property of John Keen, deceased, Saturday, Nov. 4th, next.

—A good girl wanted to do general housework. Wages paid or privelege given to attend school. Apply at this office.

—A fine line of Family and Presentation Bibles, Photograph and Autograph Albums, fine Stationary, &c, just received at the Journal Store.

WATCHES—The very best and cheapest, clocks of every kind, style and price, as well as everything imaginable in the jewelry line—at Stur gis.
N. B. Repairing a speciality. 2t

SETTLEMENT NOTICE.—All persons having unsettled accounts with the estate of Samuel Albright, dec'd, are requested to call on the subscriber for settlement, at the late residence of decedent, Saturday next, Oct 28th.

A. J. ALBRIGHT,
Administrator.

—*Come to the Day Mass Meeting at Millheim next Saturday.*

—Have any of our farmer patrons a few bushels of apples to spare for the poor printer? "Whoever giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord"—or words to that effect.

—D. F. Fortney, Esq., was recently selected as one of the state speakers of the campaign. Mr. Fortney will do honor to the committee as well as to himself.

—Mr. John H. Swartz is giving his property on North street a general overhauling and repairing. Already it makes a very creditable appearance and John is not nearly through with it yet.

—The estate of John D. Foote still has a number of Keystone Cultivators on hand which will be sold out cheap and upon reasonable terms. Apply to

P. T. MUSSER,
3t Administrator.

—Benjamin Kerstetter, administrator of the estate of Daniel S Kerstetter dec'd, will again offer a valuable property at public sale, on the premises at Coburn, Saturday Nov. 18th. See advertisement.

—All persons having unsettled accounts with the estate of John D. Foote, deceased, will do well to read the administrator's notice in another column and the "govern themselves accordingly." Accounts must be settled up without further delay.

—If any of our farmer patrons have a barrel or two of good, fresh cider to spare we would be ever so much obliged to have it. Nor are we overly particular as to the price—so we can pay it in JOURNALS. Now just please don't all speak at once. tf

—If the winter just ahead of us will prove nearly as cold as is predicted we will need from 15 to 20 cords of wood to supply two families. Now, whoever of our patrons has more wood than cash may bring wood, the sooner the better, until we "holler" *enough*. tf.

—If you want the neatest and best shoes in the market for your better half or daughters, or a most excellent pair of boots or gaiters for yourself, you had better go to Doll & Mingle's, Bellefonte, where you can be suited exactly and at prices that absolutely defy competetion. Try them. 2t

—Mr. R. M. Wolf, of the mercantile firm of Wolf & Hosterman, at Woodward, has just returned from the city with a large and carefully selected stock of fall and winter goods. This firm does a thriving business and is determined not to be undersold by any store in the valley.

—Mr. Thomas Wolf, residing at Wolf's Store in Miles township, departed his life on Monday evening. Mr. Wolf was an old and respected citizen of Centre county. He was born and lived all his life time on the same farm. For many years he followed the mercantile business with much success.

—Business is booming at Lewin's Philadelphia Branch Clothing House, in Bellefonte. It seems to be conceded on all hands that Lewin's immense stock of Overcoats, Suits, Hats, Underwear, Hosiery, Neckwear and other furnishing goods is the best and cheapest ever brought to Centre county, and that is what drives the people. 2t

Inventors and Patentees

should send for instructions, reasonable terms, references, &c., to Edson Brothers, Solicitors of Patents, Washington, D. C. who furnish the same *without charge*. Edson Brothers is a well known and successful firm of large experience, having been established in 1865. tf

—Mr. Augustus Huey brought the queerest looking thing in the vegetable line in our office we ever saw. Some say it is a sweet potato, some think it is a turnip, while others don't know just what to call it. We will keep it on exhibition until we get tired answering questions. Admittance free. Children under six feet half price. Doors open at all reasonable hours.

BIG SWEET POTATOES.—In a private note of recent date Rev. A. B. Erhard, of Fisherville, Dauphin county, Pa., writes among other things: "This is certainly a good locality for sweet potatoes. A friend brought us a lot the other day that were just splendid to behold. The largest one weighed two pounds and fifteen ounces, and measured 13½ in diameter. If Centre county can beat that let me know."

—The Mifflinburg *Telegraph* is informed that Mr. John H. Stover, of Centre county, has a notion to establish an axe factory at that town.

Now who is Mr. John H. Stover, of Centre county, and why does he wish to go to Youngmanstown, when Centre county—say Coburn—has much superior facilities for such an enterprise? Mr. Stover had better stay here among the *freundschaft*.

Read, Mark and Learn!

That a fine, enclosed Picnic Ground, with every convenience, Swings, Croquet Ground, Quoits, Pavillion, and a Fine Spring of pure water with plenty of shade, has now been completed at Spring Mills. Societies, Clubs, Lodges and all respectable parties will be accommodated on reasonable terms. Carriages and tickets to the celebrated Penn Caves at moderate rates. Address

GEO. B. NASH,
3m Spring Mills House.

—*Curtin and Styles, two of the best speakers in the state will come on Saturday*

SETTLEMENT NOTICE.—All persons knowing themselves indebted to or who have unsettled accounts with the estate of John D. Foote, dec'd, will save themselves expenses and trouble by calling with the undersigned and settling up. I will remain at my home at Aaronsburg for four successive Saturdays next ensuig to accommodate those interested.

P. T. MUSSER,
3t Administrator.

—In journeying along life's pathway questions sometimes present themselves to us of very difficult solution. So in passing our North Street School House the other day, the steeple, tower belfry, or by whatever name that unique and ornamental appendage may be designated, struck us as of most singular architecture. We were utterly at a loss how to classify the style, or whether it admits of any arbitrary classification at all. Really we ask the board to help us out of the trouble.

—Hon. Morriott Brasius and our genial friend C. M. Bower, Esq., were candidates before the recent session of the Synod of the Reformed Church, at Bellefonte, for Trustee of Franklin and Marshall College. Mr. Bower came out first best, "2 to 1." Hardly think it was Cal's politics that made him so popular with the black coats, and we must therefore ascribe his success to his good looks and general worthiness. Moreover we are willing to accept it as an index of how it will be between Mr. Elliott and Mr. Brosius.

—Messrs. J. F. Everett & Co., of the large and popular Bee Hive Store, Lock Haven, place their regular fall and winter advertisement in the JOURNAL this week, and we advise all our readers to read it carefully. This well known firm has recently enlarged its store very much, to accommodate their great and growing business. They have just opened the largest and best stock of goods for fall and winter probably ever brought to Lock Haven, and they cordially invite their old friends and patrons of Penns and Brush Valleys to visit their store and examine their goods. It affords them much pleasure to serve their many customers from Centre county.

WITH anything like a fair day the Democratic meeting next Saturday will be simply a tremendous affair, especially as it will be the only Mass Meeting proper on this side of the county during the present campaign. The solid yoemanry of the valleys are coming by scores and hundreds, from Rebersburg, Madisonburg, Woodward, Aaronsburg, Coburn, Spring Mills, Centre Hill, Potter's Mills and beyond, to hear their own beloved "Andy Curtin" and the *Hon. John D.* Stiles on the great, burning question of the day. It will be the grand gala day of the campaign for the sturdy Democracy of the valleys.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from active practice having had placed in his hands by an East Indiana Missionary the formula of a simply vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all Throat and Lung affections also a positive and radical cure for General Debility and all nervous complaints after having thoroughly tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, feels it is his duty to make it known to his fellows. The recipe, with full particulars, directions for preparation and use, and all necessary advice and instructions for successful treatment at your own home will be received by you by return mail, free of charge, by addressing with stamp or stamped self addressed envelope to

DR. J. C. RAYMOND.
164 Washington Street, Brooklyn, N Y

News Miscellany.

Hunting a Golden Bear.

A nugget of gold entirely free from quartz and worth $1,300 was recently found in a Forest City (Cal.) mine. It resembled in shape a bear's paw and the lucky finders are now searching for the remaining parts of the golden bear.

A young man who until recently had lived at the house of his father, in Augusta, Me., married a few weeks ago and leased apartments in another part of the city. The other evening, after completing his day's work, he left the office, went up the street, bought his Boston paper and then climbed the hill to his father's house. Entered its family precincts, he marched to the wash room, made his toilet and then presented himself at the table. The family, who had been watching his operations, eyed him with amazement, and at last his mother softly inquired: "My son, have you procured a divorce thus early in your wedded career?" A pale flush suffused the young man's face, which rapidly deepened into cardinal. Then he gasped: "I forgot all about being married." Leaving the table amid a roar of laughter, the young man hurried out and walked hastily home, where his young wife was impatiently awaiting his coming.

A dreadful rail road accident happened at North Adams, Mass., last Saturday. An engine was run into a caboose which contained thirty-three workingmen, of whom eight were fatally injured and twenty-five severely.

Democrats turn out in full next Saturday to hear Curtin and Styles speak!

Mrs. Levan, a widow, of Oley township, Berks county, recently placed $1,500 in greenbacks under the carpet for safe keeping. Some days ago she raised the carpet at the point to get the money, and found it missing. The entire carpet was then lifted, and in one of the corners of the room a mouse nest was found which was made of pieces of the missing notes.

The question whether an officer has a legal right to killan escaping prisoner is to betested in Philadelphia, A police man arrested man on a suspicion, subsequently shown to have been innocent, that he was a thief. The man broke away, but made no assault on his captor, who fired upon him, and he has just died after two months of terrible suffering.

DIED.

On the 3rd instant in Green township Clinton county, Martin Brumgard, aged 75 years, 11 months and 29 days.

The Farmers' Friend.

Published at South Bend, Indiana. Terms only fifty cents a year. Circulation 33,000. The largest and best agricultural paper in the country. Eight large pages, 48 columns, few advertisements and almost double the reading matter given by the $1.50 and $2 agricultural papers but we send it to you for 50 cents a year. Premiums to every subscriber, premiums to club raisers and 252 splendid presents given them in addition, consisting of a $70 New Birdsell Clover Huller, complete, including recleaning attatchment, which cleans the seed as threshed; a $60 Cassaday Sulky Plow; a $65 Studebaker Farm Wagon; Oliver Chilled Plows, Sewing Machine, Silverware, etc. Some of the departments of the *Farmers' Friend* are "Farm Topics" "The Orchard," "Live Stock," "The Poultry Yard," "Home and Health," "Domestic Economy," "Young Folks," "The Puzzler," "The Story Teller," "The Funny Place," "Sunday Reading," "The Clover Leaf," "The Apiary," "Letter Basket," "Various Topics," "Correspondence," "Hints for the Season," "World' Record," etc. Practical farmers and the best writers contribute to it. Agents make money canvassing for it. Any subscriber authorized to act as agent. Send 50 cents for a year's subscription, or write your name and those of your neighbors on a postal card for free sample copies and our Illustrated Premium List. Address, Farmers' Friend Pub. Co., South Bend, Ind.

Millheim Market.

Corrected every Wednesday

Wheat, old	90
" new, No. 2	88
" " No. 3	75
Corn	75
Rye	70
Oats White	40
Buckwheat	
Flour	5.00
Bran & Shorts, per ton	25 00
Salt, per Brl	1.75
Plaster, ground	9.00
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 50
Barley	50
Tymothyseed	1.75
Flaxseed	
Cloverseed	
Butter	25
Hams	16
Sides	12
Veal	
Pork	
Beef	
Eggs	25
Potatoes	30
Lard	12
Tallow	
Soap	6
Dried Apples	
Dried Peaches	
Dried Cherries	

COAL MARKET AT COBURN.

Egg Coal	$5.00
Stove "	5.20
Chestnut	4.80
Pea	3.50
Pea by the car load	3.20

Fifty cents per ton additional when delivered in Millheim.

'TIME IS MONEY!"

C. A. Sturgis' Jewelry Store
keeps a full line of
Watches, Clocks, Necklaces, Watch Chains, Cuff & Collar Buttons, Rings, Plated Castors, Spoons, Knives and Forks, Gold Pens and Holders,
ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICE.

All repair work guaranteed. Every watch registered when brought to the store. The public's patronage respectfully solicited.

C. A. STURGIS, Proprietor.
P. H. MUSSER, Agent. 34-1y

P. H. STOVER,

—DEALER IN—

Clover Seed,
Flour & Feed,
Coal,
Plaster & Salt.

COBURN, PA.

☞HIGHEST MARKET PRICE ALWAYS PAID.

☞A full supply of Coal, Plaster and Salt always on hand and sold at the lowest price

☞Coal kept under roof at all seasons of the year.

☞The public patronage respectfully solicited. 39-1y

DR. J. W. STAM

is now permanently located at
Millheim,
and will give prompt attention to all medical calls at his office on
Main Street.

TRY DR. STAM'S SPECIFIC PILE MEDICINE—it gives instant relief.

SLATE!

The celebrated Washington Vein of
ROOFING SLATES
for Roofs, &c., from the famous SLATE QUARRIES OF SLATINTON, LEHIGH CO., PENNA.

Can Now Be Bought
AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES
of the undersigned who is a practical Slate Roofer of many years experience Those in want of Slate and Roofing done can secure it

At The Lowest Rates.

Old buildings re-roofed at the lowest rates, without the assistance of other mechanics. For prices and terms call on or write to the undersigned at H. K. WHITMAN'S RESIDENCE,
Broadway Street, near P. & E. Depot,
MILTON, PA.
DUAN NEFF, Agent.

SUMMER RESORT

SPRING MILLS HOUSE,
SPRING MILLS, CENTRE COUNTY, PA.,
TERMINUS OF THE
LEWISBURG & TYRONE R. R.
AND SIX MILES FROM MILLHEIM.

This is a new house and newly furnished *with everything tending to comfort and convenience of guests.* The air is invigorating and perfectly free from *malaria*, and *particularly* favorable for the *restoration to health of persons afflicted with Pulmonary complaints, Malarial disorders and Hay Fever.* Near by the celebrated Penn Caves, surpassing anything of the kind known—sailing miles under ground—and inspecting halls of great wonder of *gone by ages.* Carriages to the cave daily. The table is plentifully supplied with meats, milk and fresh vegetables and fruits in season, *healthfully prepared* and *tastefully served.* Good stabling accommodations.

POPULAR PRICES:
Per day, (less than a week,) $2 00
Per week, (less than a month) 6 00
Per month 20 00

All inquiry as to Rooms and Board will be promptly answered.

GEO. B. NASH, Manager.

READERS!

When in want of a pair of Boots, Shoes or Rubbers send to

KAMP'S

in Lock Haven and you can get them as low as in Philadelphia, New York, or any other place. If they don't suit you you can return them and get your money back. First rate goods at low prices, is my motto.

JACOB KAMP.

To Country dealers, I will sell at wholesale prices, freight added.

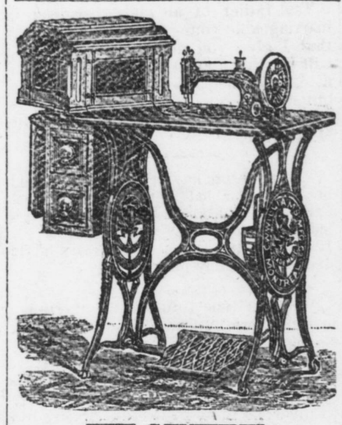
BUY THE BEST.

POST & CO'S
AMERICAN STUDENT LAMP.

GUARANTEED THE BEST.

STRONG, STEADY LIGHT.
SIX TIMES CHEAPER THAN GAS. By long Experience we are enabled to make the *BEST STUDENT LAMP MADE*, and the *ONLY* one that raises and lowers the wick as shown in cut. Fully covered by letters patent. Price, Nickel Plated, $5.00. Liberal Discounts to the Trade. Send for Catalogue.

POST & COMPANY,
Manufacturers and Patentees,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.



THE GENUINE
Williams Sewing Machines
ARE ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD

They have received highest Awards at the Centennial and at all other leading Exhibitions held in Europe and America.

EVERY MACHINE WARRANTED BY THE MAKERS.

Factories located at Montreal, Canada, and Plattsburg, New York.

THE WILLIAMS MANUFACTURING CO.,
347 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

B. HARRIS,

224 Market St.,

LEWISBURG.

HAVE NO COMPETITORS.

Our first instalments of New Spring Goods are sold out, compellin to make a Second Trip to the Eastern Cities, which goods will

Arrive during this week.

Space will not admit what Bargains we have got. Sufficient to say, with our increased business facilities our patrons will always find the Largest and Best Assortment of

MILLINERY GOODS!

Hats, Bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed, Feathers, Flowers, Silks, Sat s, Ribbon in all New Shades, Laces, Embroideries Dress Trimmings in endless variety Hosiery, Glove and orsets Ladies and Children's Shoes, Looking Glasses and

New Goods received every day
THROUGHOUT THE SEASON.
A Simple Fact—We can't be Undrsold.

B. HARRIS,

224 Market St., Lewisburg, Pa.

Chickering Pianos.

The Standard Piano of the World.

General Agency for these magnificent Instruments is at

J. R. SMITH & CO's

Nos. 110, 112, and 114 Front St.,

MILTON, PA.

Cabinet Organs.

Smith, American, Estey, Taylor & Farley
Bridgeport and others.

FURNITURE AND CARPETS.

Largest Stock—Lowest Prices.

Our sales exceed those of any house in our line in the state. Buying in immense quantities direct from the manufacturers for *CASH*, we defy competition.

All Goods are at Actual Value.
No Fictitious Prices. All Fully Warranted.

It will pay any one contemplating the purchase of an instrument, or anything in our line to call and get quotations.
Catalogues and Prices by mail on application.

J. R. SMITH & CO.

GO TO
SIMON BROTHERS,
THE BOSS CLOTHIERS
for your Clothing.

45 MAIN STREET,
LOCK HAVEN.

A. SIMON & SONS,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS,
Keep the largest stock in the city.

143 MAIN STREET,
LOCK HAVEN.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at GEO. P. ROWELL & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it in **NEW YORK.**

GET YOUR JOB PRINTING DONE AT THE JOURNAL OFFICE.
Prompt and fine work at reasonable rates.

AGRICULTURE.

SETTING OUT BLACKBERRIES.—Blackberries can be set out in the fall as well as in the spring, but always when in a dormant state. Nearly all late planting in the spring are failures. But if late planting is unavoidable, the sets must be shaded and kept continuously moist until all danger of wilting and shriveling is over. They do best on light soils and in sunny exposures. With partial shade on moist, heavy land, the canes are apt to grow too late, and the heavy frosts find them unripened and unable to endure the winter. Warm, well drained, but not dry, compost soil is the best. On dry, hard soil the fruit often either perishes before maturity, or is only a bunch of tasteless seeds. In the preparation of the soil, plow deep, thoroughly loosening, if possible, the subsoil. If an opportunity is given, the roots of the blackberry are great foragers. It demands mellowness rather than richness. With the latter it grows too rank. In field culture the rows of blackberries should be from six to eight feet apart, and the plants set three feet apart in the rows. It will take about 1,800 plants for an acre. It is best to give the canes support. This can be done by posts and fence wire, and grown in a continuous bushy row. In May and June the roots send up vigorous sprouts, which grow with amazing rapidity, attaining from five to ten feet high. The blackberry requires and will amply repay for management and culture, both of which it needs. If the canes are allowed to grow tall, and then cut off with shears, they have few, if any lateral branches and produce meager crops. The best way is, when in rapid growth and about three or four feet high, pinch off with the fingers the terminal bud. Then lateral branches will start out. They, too, must be watched and pinched so soon as long enough. In this way good, safe, stocky canes can be had which will support themselves in winds and storms. Blackberries sprout, but those which come up between the rows can be removed if taken in time, as easily as weeds. But if left to their wild impulses the farmer or gardener will soon find a bramble wilderness in the midst of his premises, which will require strength and patience. They can become very easily a very unruly and disagreeable tenant. With care and watchfulness they are a source of pleasure and profit.

POULTRY FOOD AND FEEDING.—There is some little art, if we may so style it, in feeding young chicks to make a beautiful and vigorous growth while young. Fully nine-tenths of the mortality amongst poultry, from sickness or disease, occurs while the chicks are still in the "downy" state, and the majority of this loss occurs from improper food, and careless or improper feeding. Cornmeal, which is far too generally used, is unfit for young chicks, being too heating for their tender and immature digestive organs. Corn-meal has killed more chicks than rats. The best food we have ever found for young birds is stale bread, either crumbled up and fed dry, scalded and fed when cool, or else merely moistened in fresh milk. Where milk is abundant, it should always be used, and if the young birds get plenty of milk, in some form, they will grow so rapidly as to astonish those who have never given milk liberally to their poultry. We know of one breeder, a large dairyman, in Chester County, Pennsylvania, who feeds the principal part of his refuse milk to his poultry old and young, and his birds are not only singularly free from disease, but large, and finely developed in body and feathering. This breeder gives milk the credit of it all but it may be due in part to excellent care.

CROPS are subject to diseases, and on this subject Professor Scott, of the Royal Agricultural College, England, states that clover sickness is sometimes due to "clover fungus," though there are other causes. Beet sickness has been traced to parasites in the soil. The club-root in turnips is a parasite vegetable which feeds on the starch granules of the roots, and as it empties the cells of their starchy contents fills them with a mass of spore-like bodies, which, by further contaminating the cellular tissue, ultimately produce the club-root. The fungus belongs to an order which is generally held to live upon decaying vegetable matter, but some botanists assert that this one will only live on the healthy tissue of cruciferous plants. The remedy is good cultivation and a complete change of cropping.

PROFESSOR W. J. BEAL, in the *Farmers' Friend*, claims that an acre of good clover will make 5000 pounds of good hay containing 282¼ pounds of mineral matter or ash. In this ash will be 97½ pounds potash, 96 pounds lime, 34½ pounds magnesia and 28 pounds phosphoric acid, and the hay will contain 108 pounds combined nitrogen. These are the stores of wealth which an acre of red clover offers to succeeding crops when it is ploughed under, and the scythe leaves in the field as much material as it removes, which is stored in the roots and stubbles. This is enough phosphoric acid for double an average crop of grain, nitrogen for four crops and potash for six crops. He says that with such figures before them it is no wonder that farmers are surprised at the large crops they can raise in a clover sod.

ON almost every farm there are some corners where the bushes have secured a foothold, now is the time to cut them, and in cutting them it is best to make thorough work of it by cutting them close, making the land smoother and sowing a liberal quantity of grass seed, then covering the land with a good dressing of ground bone and ashes, mixed together a few days before applying, or a liberal quantity of compost manure made fine by pitching over. Unless the land is quite dry and poor this treatment will so increase the growth of grass as to choke out the bushes to a great extent.

THE Mensury barley is a new variety, and likely to become popular. It is six-rowed, and was sent out by the Department of Agriculture four or five years ago. It originated in Canada. It has long, heavy heads which hang dowg when filling, but its straw is so strong that it does not fall down, even on the richest land. It has been tested for malting and pronounced superior for that purpose. In ripening it is a little later than the common six rowed and is easily distinguished from that when growing by a slightly reddish tinge to the beard when the heads appear.

SQUEALING hogs do not fatten as readily as those that are quiet. Sometimes the fault is in the breed, but regular feeding three times a day, and enough of it, will keep them contented and in good growing and fattening condition.

EXPERIENCE shows that the farmer who raises his wheat, his corn, his mules and pork at home succeeds better than the one who raises only one article.

OATS grown on clay land make the best meal, keep longest and bring the highest price.

IT is said that if food is kept from sheep twenty-four hours before killing, the mutton will have a better flavor.

DOMESTIC.

TAPIOCA CREAM SOUP.—Put a knuckle of veal—cracked into pieces—and two pounds of beef (from the neck) into four quarts of cold water; bring to a boil, then skim carefully and set the kettle on the back of the stove where it will simmer until the veal is very tender, but not until it cooks to pieces. Cut off the meat; put it in a dish and cover with a little of the strained liquor. This, with the addition of some seasoning, thickening and lemon juice, will make a very palatable side-dish for lunch or breakfast. Put the veal bones back into the kettle and cook them with the beef until the liquor is reduced to three pints. Three-quarters of an hour before taking it up, season the broth to taste with pepper and salt, and put in a stalk of celery, half a small onion, a sprig of parsley and two slices of carrot. Strain the soup, when done, through a hair sieve or a thin cloth, (without pressing) and set it away to cool. It will form a firm, clear jelly and every particle of fat must be removed from the surface before reheating. Pour half a teacupful of boiling water onto two tablespoons of tapioca, and let soak for an hour, then turn it into a saucepan with the soup and set where it will boil, after which move to the back of the stove and let simmer until the tapioca looks clear. Beat the yolks of three eggs in a bowl; add four tablespoons of sweet cream, and when well mixed put in four tablespoons of stock, first taking the saucepan from the fire. Return this mixture to the saucepan and set back on the stove to heat, but be careful that it does not boil, as too long or rapid cooking would curdle it,

PICKLED SHEEP TONGUES.—Boil the tongues in salted water, and when done—which will be in about two hours—skin them while still hot. For fifty tongues put a tablespoon each of whole allspice and pepper-corns and half as many cloves into a small bag. Steep for fifteen minutes in hot vinegar, then pack the tongues, with the bag of spice in the centre, in a stone jar; pour over the hot vinegar and add enough more cold to cover them. They are very good eaten plain, or may be served with sauce tartare. Beat the yolk of a raw egg with a mustard spoonful of mixed mustard; add nice salad oil *very slowly* and stir constantly until the sauce grows thick and smooth. If put in drop by drop, the egg will absorb half a teacup of oil and become so thick that a teaspoon will stand upright in it. When thick enough put in a teaspoonful of powdered sugar, two of lemon juice and two of vinegar. Many would use double or even triple the above amount of oil and increase the other seasonings accordingly. This is the simple *mayonnaise* sauce, which can be bottled and kept for any length of time. If too thick, thin with vinegar, unless already sour enough, when sweet cream can be used instead. This is the foundation for *sauce tartare*, which is made by the addition of some cucumber pickles, parsley and a scrap of onion, chopped fine, and a few capers.

BEEF BOILED WITH ROBERT SAUCE.—A piece of cold beef, which has been previously used for soup, should be cut into fillets. Then make the Robert sauce as follows: Cut up very fine a large onion, add to it one tablespoonful of butter; fry until brown; take out all the onions, add to the butter a small spoonful of flour and half a pint of gravy stock; let it boil for a few moments; now cut into small pieces half a pickled cucumber; put it into the pan with the rest, and add all the onions that you fried; this completes the Robert sauce; now place the fillets of beef in the sauce; should the sauce be too thick add more of your gravy stock; drop a little burned sugar to give the liquid a nice brown color, and simmer the whole gently for twenty minutes. This will be found an economical and palatable mode of serving up cold beef.

JUNIATA OMELET.—Beat six eggs separately; mix with the yolks one and a half cups sweet milk, a little salt, and one tablespoonful of flour well mixed with a little milk, lastly, add the whites beaten to a stiff froth, then pour all into a heated buttered or larded pan and let it boil, stirring constantly until it thickens, then pour into an omelet or baking dish, and bake in a quick oven.

To make pearl barley pudding, which is cheaper and better than rice, soak the barley over night, having first washed it thoroughly. Boil it in the same water it was soaked in, in a covered tin vessel, set inside a kettle of water, to prevent the barley burning. When cooked soft, add eggs, sugar, currants, raisins and nutmeg in the same proportions as for a rice pudding.

FRENCH PICKLES.—One-half peck of green tomatoes, six green peppers, six onions, one large head of cabbage; chop all well together, add one-half pound of white mustard seed, one-half ounce of cloves, one-half ounce of allspice and mace, four tablespoonfuls of salt; put all in a kettle, cover with cold vinegar and boil two hours; add brown sugar to your taste.

POP CORN BALLS.—These are easily made. To one gallon of pop corn take half a pint of molasses or sugar; put into a skillet and let it boil up once; pour it over the corn; grease your hands with sweet butter and make the whole into balls of such size as you please. They are ready for use at once.

MINCE PIE.—One cracker and a half, three spoonfuls of melted butter, a cup of molasses, a cup of vinegar, raisins and spice to your taste. Melt the butter and vinegar, then add the rest, and fill your paste. Cover as usual. This, if well made, can hardly be distinguished from a minced pie of meat and apples.

INDIAN BANNOCK.—One pint of meal thoroughly scalded in one quart of milk; when cool stir in four well beaten eggs; a little sugar and salt, and bake in a quick oven. It is very nice.

INDIAN MEAL MUFFINS.—One cupful and a half of meal, scalded in one pint of milk; butter the size of an egg; one tablespoonful of sugar; salt; one egg; half a cupful of yeast, and flour enough to make a rather stiff batter. Let stand an hour. Bake in a quick oven.

KEEPING HORSERADISH.—The very best way to keep horseradish for winter use is this: Dig the roots, put them in dry sand, put them in the cellar, and you will have good, tender and nice horseradish any time you choose.

INDIAN CAKE.—Three cupfuls of meal one cupful of flour; one pint of sour milk; soda to sweeten it; two eggs; two large spoonfuls of butter; half cupful of sugar,

FRIED POTATOES.—Potatoes, sliced very thin, should be cooked in a deep skillet; the lard or butter must be boiling hot. If placed in a wire sieve, much time is saved and trouble spared.

HUMOROUS.

SOMEWHAT off: Gilhooly strolled into Mose Schaumburg's store on Austin avenue, and after looking around, he said to Mose, who, rubbing his hands, asked him what he wanted: "Will you be kind enough to bring me a glass of beer, some fried beefsteak with onions, some fried potatoes and some boiled cabbage?" replied Gilhooly. "Mishter Gilhooly, mine store vash not a restaurant." "What the devil have I got to do with that? You have got up a sign there that reads: "If you don't see what you want ask for it." I want some grub. I don't see it, so I ask for it, and instead of bringing on the grub you go to telling me what your occupation is, as if I cared a cent. Why don't you take down your sign?" When last seen Mose was standing in a thoughtful attitude in front of that sign, absorbed in profound contemplation.

ASHBURNHAM, MASS., Jan. 14, 1880.

I have been very sick for two years. They all gave me up as past cure. I tried the most skillful physicians but they did not reach the worst part. The lungs and heart would fill up every night and distress me, and my throat was very bad. I told my children I never should die in peace until I had tried Hop Bitters. I have taken two bottles. They have helped me very much indeed. I am now well. There was a lot of sick folks here who have seen how they helped me, and they used them and are cured, and feel as thankful as I do that there is so valuable a medicine made.

MRS. JULIA G. CUSHING.

AN old letter: EDONIA, December, Year Two.—Dear Eve: I have been on the rampage now one month, prospecting for our new home, and have seen some ranches that will do pretty well, but none of them just the ticket. The old garden is a hard place to beat, but we have lost that and are turned out now to root hog or die. We will fight it out now on this line if it takes all summer. Eating that apple was a great blunder, but, my dear girl, let bygones be bygones; there is hope for us yet. Just as soon as I strike a good claim I will come back to you. Watch over Cain closely; he is a brick. The weather is raw and cold: I feel that I am too thinly clad. No more now; from your loving ADAM. P. S.—Has Cain cut another tooth yet?

Liquid or Dry.

Some people prefer to purchase medicines in the dry state so that they can see for themselves that they are purely vegetable. Others have not the time or desire to prepare the medicine, and wish it already to use.

To accommodate each class the proprietors of Kidney-Wort now offer that well-known remedy in both Liquid and dry forms.

Sold by druggists everywhere.—*Truth.*

"As that poor man in New Hampshire died of smoking, I don't know as I ought to press you to take this cigar," said a visitor to a reporter. "I can accept it," said the scribe, as he reached for the Victoria, a stranger to newspaper offices, adding: "A fellow who has written up deaths from arsenic in wall paper, from chicory in coffee, from eating canned articles, and from inhaling sewer gas, will die a natural death."

AN EXTRAORDINARY CASE.

AUSTIN, TEXAS, February 20, 1881.

To Mr. J. W. Graham, Druggist:

Dear Sir—My case was an acute form of Bronchitis, and was of one and a half year's duration. I employed the best medical aid possible, but failed rapidly, until the doctors said I would die—that my case was incurable. Thrown upon my own resources, I got a bottle of DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, and in six hours felt a decided relief. In three days the cough almost disappeared. Now that my chances of life are good for many years, I earnestly recommend the above to every sufferer of throat or lung disease. C. G. LATHROP.

A YOUNG would-be wit in Lewistown, Me., who attempted to chaff a half-intoxicated lumberman, was greeted with: "I mind my own business. I know what you are. We make No. 2 clothespins out of such stock as you up our way. You git!"

For dyspepsia, indigestion, depression of spirits and general debility, in their various forms; also as a preventive against fever and ague and other intermittent fevers, the "Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya," made by Caswell, Hazard & Co, New York, sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

"THIRTY years ago I was a poor boy," he proudly observed to the reporter—"a poor boy at two dollars a week. Step by step I rose from the menial position until I became a member of the Legislature—and here I am at last!" The interview was held at the gentleman's place of residence—the State prison at Auburn.

Pimples and Humors on the Face.—In this condition of the skin, the "Vegetine" is the great remedy, as it acts directly upon the cause. It cleanses and purifies the blood, thereby causing humors of all kinds to disappear.

THE father of an elderey damsel to marriageable young man:—"On the day that I give you my daughter Adele, I will deposit 100,000 francs with M. Lafitte." Francois:—"Thanks, dear sir, but suppose you give me the 100,000 francs, and deposite Mlle. Adele with M. Lafiitte."

We can insure any person having a bald head or troubled with dandruff, that Carboline, a deodorized extract of petroleum, will do all that is claimed for it. It will not stain the most delicate fabric and is delightfully perfumed.

MR. BEECHER thinks that ninety-five men in every hundred will lie. He has the right idea, but his proportion is not exactly correct. Now, there's Mr. Beecher won't lie for one; and there's "us," that makes two. And you'll have to advertise to find the other three, and they will probably lie to get the reward.

"Female complaints," are the result of impure blood. Use "Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher." Sure cure.

"I MET a lovely woman from Rome, Ga., and she said:—"I've been at summer resorts, for a month, and all I want now is to be in my back porch at home in a loose wrapper and my face buried in a Georgia watermelon."

Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer is the marvel of the age for all nerve diseases. All fits stopped free. Send to 931 Arch Street Philadelphia, Pa

WHY are the Germans like quinine and gentian? Because they are two tonics.

THE ONE GREAT MEDICINE.

Without doubt there are now, and have been for years past, several medicines of remarkable merit before the public—medicines which have been used, in very many cases, with excellent success. The names of these will readily recur to our readers, and they are the names of preparations whose worth, for certain purposes, no one is supposed to deny. But we are fully justified, by undeniable and notorious facts, in saying, and we do unhesitatingly say, that the one great medicine of the present day—the medicine, we mean, which now stands pre-eminent above all others—is the famous VEGETINE of Mr. H. R. Stevens of Boston. Some of the undeniable facts respecting this famous medicine are these:

First, it is astonishingly efficient in really curing the various diseases for which it is especially compounded and intended.

Second, it acts with a celerity which is generally very surprising. A single bottle has often either cured the user of a serious difficulty, or brought about a most agreeable change, while a very few bottles have in thousands of instances affected the complete cure of a long standing disease which had previously baffled the skill of the best physicians.

Third, it acts directly upon the blood, of which it is the only powerful and thorough purifier.

Fourth, the testimonials in support of these facts and the extraordinary worth of this medicine are from well-known and most respectable men and women, and, in many instances, from persons holding the highest social positions. They are not certificates from unknown and irresponsible individuals. We, ourselves, know the very high estimation in which Vegetine is held in one of the best families in the city.

There is, in short, and can be, no doubt or mistake whatever about the unprecedented and surprising efficacy, value and success of the Vegetine. As a purifier of the blood and a quick renovator and invigorator of the human system, physical and mental, no medicine, as is now generally conceded, has ever been devised and compounded at all equal to it; and, as a speedy and thorough cure for such complaints as catarrh, cough, stomach weakness and faintness, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, cancerous humors, scrofula, rheumatism, kidney and some other equally serious complaints, Vegetine altogether surpasses any and all other known medicinal preparations. The rapidity with which this great medicine has won its way into all parts of this country and various foreign ones since its discovery and introduction, not many years ago, is something alike surprising and confirmatory of its intrinsic excellence.—Providence, (R. I.) Gazette.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

PILES
ANAKESIS
Dr. S. Silsbee's External Pile Remedy
Gives instant relief and is an infallible
CURE FOR ALL KINDS OF PILES.
Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price, $1.00 per box *prepaid* by mail. Samples sent *free* to Physicians and all sufferers, by P. Neustaedter & Co., Box 2946, New York City, Sole manufacturers of "*Anakesis*."

NOTHING IN THE WORLD EQUAL TO IT FOR THE CURE OF
ULCERS, SCROFULA, ERYSIPELAS, PIMPLES, BOILS, SORE EYES, SCALD HEAD, OLD SORES, MERCURIAL DISEASES AND MALARIA,
DOCTOR LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER
CATARRH, RHEUMATISM, ITCH, ALL FEMALE COMPLAINTS, FOR LOSS OF APPETITE, FAULTY STOMACH AND INDIGESTION,
IT HAS NO EQUAL.
R. E. SELLERS & CO. PITTSBURGH, PA.
SELLERS' LIVER PILLS FOR LIVER COMPLAINT.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED

STOMACH
BITTERS

For a quarter of a century or more Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has been the reigning specific for indigestion, dyspepsia, fever and ague, a loss of physical stamina, liver complaint and other disorders, and has been most emphatically indorsed by medical men as a health and strength restorative. It counteracts a tendency to premature decay, and sustains and comforts the aged and in firm

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

If you are a man of business, weakened by the strain of your duties, avoid drinking, and use Hop Bitters.

If you are young and discretion or dissipated or single, old or poor health or languishing, use Hop Bitters.

Whoever you are, whenever you feel that your system needs cleansing, toning or stimulating without intoxicating, take Hop Bitters.

Have you dyspepsia, kidney or urinary complaint, disease of the stomach, bowels, blood, liver or nerves? You will be cured if you use Hop Bitters.

If you are simply weak and low spirited, try it! it may save your life. It has saved hundreds.

If you are a man of letters, toiling over midnight work, to recruit brain nerve waste, use Hop B.

If suffering from any indiscretion; if you are married, young, suffering from ailing on a bed of sickness, use Hop Bitters.

Thousands die annually from some form of Kidney disease that might have been prevented by a timely use of Hop Bitters.

HOP BITTERS NEVER FAIL

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco, or narcotics.

Sold by druggists. Send for Circular.

HOP BITTERS M'F'G CO., Rochester, N. Y. & Toronto, Ont.

KIDNEY-WORT
HAS BEEN PROVED
The SUREST CURE for
KIDNEY DISEASES.

Does a lame back or disordered urine indicate that you are a victim? THEN DO NOT HESITATE; use Kidney-Wort at once, (druggists recommend it) and it will speedily overcome the disease and restore healthy action.

Ladies. For complaints peculiar to your sex, such as pain and weaknesses, Kidney-Wort is unsurpassed, as it will act promptly and safely.

Either Sex. Incontinence, retention of urine, brick dust or ropy deposits, and dull dragging pains, all speedily yield to its curative power.

43- SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Price $1.

Acts at the Same Time on Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.

KIDNEY-WORT

SIX CTS WHY WASTE MONEY! Young man or old. If you want a luxuriant mustache, flowing whiskers or a heavy growth of hair on bald heads or to THICKEN, STRENGTHEN and INVIGORATE the HAIR anywhere don't be humbugged. Try the great Spanish discovery which has NEVER YET FAILED. Send ONLY SIX CENTS to Dr. J. GONZALEZ, Box 1949, Boston, Mass. Beware of all imitations.

YOUNG MEN If you want to learn Telegraphy in a few months, and be certain of a situation, address VALENTINE BROS. Janesville, Wisconsin.

Those answering an advertisement will confer a favor upon the advertiser and the publisher by stating that they saw the advertisement in this journal, naming pa

"PA, what is a pessimist, and what is an optimist?" "A pessimist, my son, is one who takes the surplus kittens, just after they are born, and chloroforms them. The optimist is one who lets the kittens grow up, to live a wretched, starving life; to be tortured continually by boys and other thoughtless animals, and to be finally killed with brickbats and left to rot on the streets.

A Fortune

may be made by hard work, but can neither be made nor enjoyed without health. To those leading sedentary lives Dr. R. V. Pierce's 'Golden Medical Discovery" is a real friend. It stimulates the liver, purifies the blood, and is the best remedy for consumption, which is scrofulous disease of the lungs. By all druggists.

"JOHN, what is that peculiar smell?" asked a man's wife as he was trying to steal in bed without waking her, about 2 o'clock A. M. "That is the incense we use in the lodge-room, my dear, it exales—it exales—" "Yes, I know now," she interrupted; "I recognize the odor—XX ales."

Being entirely vegetable, no particular care is required while using Dr. Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pellets." They operate without disturbance to the constitution, diet, or occupation. For sick headache, constipation, impure blood, dizziness, sour eructations from the stomach, bad taste in the mouth, bilious attacks, pain in region of kidney, internal fever, bloated feeling about the stomach, rush of blood to head, take Dr. Pierce's "pellets." By druggists.

DISRAELI said: "Ignorance never settles a question." There is where the great premier was wrong. If it is a question as to a man's fitness to serve on a jury, ignorance always settles the question, and in the ignorant man's favor.

Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription"

always becomes the favorite remedy of those who try it. It is a specific for all female "weakness" and derangements, bringing strength to the limbs and back, and color to the face. Of all druggists.

HARROWING—Tourist—"I say, my man, do you know the way to Harrow?" Rustic (contemptuously)—"The way to arrer! D'you think I spent nigh on to forty years on this 'ere farm, and dunno how to 'arrer?'"

Ponder on these Truths.

Torpid kidneys, and constipated bowels, are the great cause of chronic diseases.

Kidney-Wort has cured thousands. Try it and you will add one more to their number.

Habitual costiveness afflicts millions of the American people. Kidney-Wort will cure it.

Kidney-Wort has cured kidney complaints of thirty years standing. Try it. See adv.

"WHAT a nice-looking young man?" simpered a lady to her friend, as a youth in the omnibus deposited her nickel in the safety-box.

"Yes," was the reply, "I see he is passing fare."

WINSTON, FORSYTH CO., N. C.

GENTS—I desire to express to you my thanks for your wonderful Hop Bitters. I was troubled with dyspepsia for five years previous to commencing the use of your Hop Bitters some six months ago. My cure has been wonderful. I am the pastor of the first Methodist Church of this place, and my whole congregation can testify to the great virtues of your bitters.

Very Respectfully,
REV. H. FEREBEE.

AN old lady, hearing that John Bright contemplated visiting this country, hoped that he wouldn't bring his "disease" with him.

"SPLENDID color that, isn't it?" asked the fishmonger, cutting open a salmon. "Yes," replied the purchaser, "looks as af it were blushing at the price you ask for it."

Grateful Relief.

534 ARCH STREET,
POTTSVILLE, Pa., Sept. 22, 1881.

H. H. WARNER & Co.: *Sirs*—Your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure has cured me of indigestion, dyspeptic and kidney affection with which I had been troubled for four or five years. JOHN D. FOSTER.

"ALL the world's a stage Sam and the men and women merely players." "Yes, massa, but if dat's so where you goin' for to get yer audience and orchistry?"

"WHY, are you alive yet, my dear old friend? I heard you were dead," "A nice friend you are! You didn't even come to my funeral."

It is the common observation that the standard of natural health and normal activity, among American women, is being lowered by the influence of false ideas and habits of life, engendered by fashionable ignorance and luxurious living. It is a happy circumstance that Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham has come to the front to instruct and cure the sufferers of her sex.

IT is not considered good form to ask a young gentleman with a fob ribbon if he is aware that the end of his suspender is hanging below his vest.

CONFIDENTIAL: A lecturer is telling "How we hear." It is easily told. Somebody tells a friend of ours, and tells him not to tell; that's the way we hear.

Allen's Brain Food

Cures Nervous Debility and Weakness of Generative Organs, $1 all druggists. Send for circular. Allen's Pharmacy, 313 First a v. N. Y.

THE high price of meat does not affect the consumption of hash. The two articles never did depend on each other much.

"I REALLY believe my wife thinks I'm only half baked," said a sad-faced man, "for she always gives me a warming when I come home."

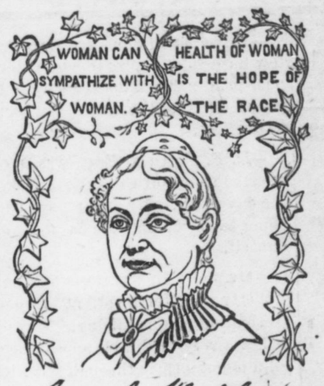
That Husband of Mine.

Is three times the man he was before he began using Wells' Health Renewer. $1. Druggists. Send for pamphlet to E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J.

A CRUSTY old bachelor says he thinks its a woman, and not her wrongs, that ought to be redressed.

It is simply marvelous how quickly constipation, biliousness, sick headache fever and ague, and malaria, are cured by "Sellers' Liver Pills."

CLERGYMEN pretend to discourage lying, and yet ask women their ages.



LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
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